

TABE
ELA-E
PAXEN

Unit-4
Vocabulary and Word Use

Review

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ELA-E Unit-4 Review

Unit 4 Review: Vocabulary and Word Use

1. Read the sentence.
We used cheese to try to _____ the mouse in the kitchen.
Which word best completes the sentence?
A. visit B. catch
C. speak D. answer
2. Read the sentence.
My train was late pulling into the _____.
Which word best completes the sentence?
A. diet B. light
C. station D. computer
3. Read the sentence.
It was the first time that my family had visited a city that large, but we quickly got used to the big _____.
Which word best fits the context and completes the sentence?
A. cabs B. noises
C. crowds D. prices
4. What is the meaning of the word *unlucky*?
A. too lucky B. lucky before
C. not lucky D. lucky again
5. What is the meaning of the word *reenter*?
A. not enter
B. enter again
C. enter before
D. the opposite of enter
6. What is the meaning of the word *harmless*?
A. more harm B. most harm
C. full of harm D. without harm
7. What is the meaning of the word *painful*?
A. more pain B. most pain
C. full of pain D. without pain
8. Read the sentence.
On the warm day, I enjoyed sitting outside in the _____.
Which compound word best completes the sentence?
A. sunlight B. fireworks
C. daydream D. touchdown
9. Read the sentence.
Face the _____ as we sing the national anthem.
Which compound word best completes the sentence?
A. raincoat B. flagpole
C. spaceship D. horseshoe
10. Read the sentence.
I could tell my friend was still mad at me because she gave me the cold shoulder when I saw her.
What is the meaning of the underlined phrase?
A. said hello
B. ignored me
C. waved at me
D. gave me a present

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11. Which sentence is most descriptive.
- A. It snowed so much yesterday that we got to stay home from work.
 - B. The bright sun reflected off the pure white snow in twinkling sparkles.
 - C. For now, we can enjoy having coffee and watching TV on our day off.
 - D. I know that I will have to go outside to shovel, but right now I am relaxing.

12. Read the sentence.
- Before guests came over, we rushed to clean the house.

Which word means the same or almost the same as the underlined word?

- A. jog
 - B. fill
 - C. tidy
 - D. shout
13. Read the sentences.
- _____, make sure you have all the materials you will need. Next, prepare the work surface. Then put on protective glasses.
- Which signal word best fills in the blank?
- A. First
 - B. Second
 - C. Last
 - D. Finally

14. Read the sentence.
- _____, you will see three lines to stand in.
- Which signal word or words best fill in the blank?
- A. Until
 - B. Before
 - C. As soon as
 - D. In front of you

Use the dictionary entry to answer questions 15 through 17.

range

noun (1) a large number of different things; (2) the distance between two numbers; (3) the greatest distance something can go and still work properly; (4) a line of mountains; (5) a cooking stove;

verb (6) to vary.

15. Read the sentence.

The sizes we carry in the store range from small to large.

Which definition of *range* is used in this sentence?

- A. Definition 1
- B. Definition 3
- C. Definition 5
- D. Definition 6

16. Read the sentence.

The wireless network range ends just outside of my front door.

Which definition of *range* is used in this sentence?

- A. Definition 1
- B. Definition 2
- C. Definition 3
- D. Definition 4

17. Which sentence is written correctly?

- A. I could see the mountain ranje out the plane window.
- B. The prices in this store rannge from cheap to expensive.
- C. This hardware store has a really great rang of paint colors.
- D. The pots and pans on the range in the kitchen need to be washed.

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1. Read the sentences.

That candidate was persuasive. I was going to support her opponent, but I am singing a different tune now.

What is the meaning of the phrase *singing a different tune*?

- A. to sing loudly
- B. to cast a vote
- C. to change one's mind
- D. to support a candidate

2. What is the meaning of the word *rearrange*?

- A. arrange again
- B. arrange too much
- C. the opposite of arrange
- D. arrange before

3. Read the sentences.

Right now, I am at the office. _____, I will go to my uncle's house.

Which signal word or words best fill in the blank?

- A. Across
- B. Later
- C. Until
- D. As soon as

4. Read the sentence.

Our workplace held a canned food drive so that we could donate to organizations that help hungry families.

What is the meaning of *drive* as it is used in the sentence?

- A. pound
- B. steer
- C. energy
- D. collection

5. Read the sentence.

I hope you will come over to my house for dinner.

Which word means the same or almost the same as the word *house*?

- A. container
- B. home
- C. board
- D. meal

6. Read the sentence.

Although it was an accident, dropping the dish made me feel _____.

Which word best completes the sentence?

- A. careless
- B. carer
- C. careful
- D. carest

7. Which sentence is most descriptive?

- A. I woke up this morning when my alarm clock rang.
- B. In the warm kitchen, I slowly sipped a cup of steaming, fragrant coffee.
- C. Once I felt more awake, I took a shower and got dressed.
- D. I walked to the bus stop and got there just in time to board the bus.

8. What is the meaning of the word *afternoon*?

- A. the part of the day after midnight
- B. the part of the day when the moon appears
- C. the part of the day before noon occurs
- D. the part of the day after noon passes

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Use the dictionary entry to answer questions 9 through 11.

watch

verb (1) look at with attention over a period of time; (2) be careful about

noun (3) the act of keeping awake to guard or attend; (4) a small timepiece, usually worn on the wrist using a strap

9. Read the sentence.
I looked at my watch to be sure I would not be late to the interview.
Which definition of *watch* is used in the sentence?
A. Definition 1
B. Definition 2
C. Definition 3
D. Definition 4
10. Read the sentence.
Please watch what you say so that you do not upset anyone.
Which definition of *watch* is used in the sentence?
A. Definition 1
B. Definition 2
C. Definition 3
D. Definition 4
11. Read the sentence.
I enjoy getting up early to watch the sun rise.
Which definition of *watch* is used in the sentence?
A. Definition 1
B. Definition 2
C. Definition 3
D. Definition 4
12. Read the sentence.
Now that we have a _____ in the kitchen, I wash few items by hand.
Which compound word best completes the sentence?
A. doorbell B. earring
C. snowshoe D. dishwasher
13. Read the sentence.
The shifts for next week are posted on the _____, so check your hours.
Which word best completes the sentence?
A. menu B. poster
C. schedule D. easel
14. What is the meaning of the word *colorful*?
A. without color
B. the most color
C. full of color
D. more color
15. Read the sentence.
I _____ my dues for the whole year so that I do not have to remember to pay every month.
Which word best completes the sentence?
A. prepaid B. dispaied
C. unpaid D. repaid
16. Read the sentence.
The bank is around the corner and _____.
Which signal word or words best fill in the blank?
A. before B. in the morning
C. then D. on the left

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1. B. The speaker is using the cheese as bait. 2.L.4.a
2. C. Trains arrive at stations. 2.L.4.a
3. C. Large cities are usually crowded. 2.L.4.a
4. C. The prefix *un-* means “not.” Adding it to *lucky* means “not lucky.” 2.L.4.b
5. B. The prefix *re-* means “again.” 2.L.4.b
6. D. The suffix *-less* means “without.” 2.L.4.c
7. C. The suffix *-ful* means “full of.” 2.L.4.c
8. A. A warm day would likely be full of sunlight to sit in. 2.L.4.d
9. B. During the national anthem, people would face a flagpole with the country’s flag on it. 2.L.4.d
10. B. A person who is mad at another might ignore the other person. 3.L.5.a
11. B. The adjectives *bright*, *pure*, *white*, and *twinkling* are descriptive. 2.L.6
12. C. *Clean* and *tidy* have similar meanings. 3.L.5.c
13. A. The sentence tells the step you need to take before the other steps. 3.L.6
14. D. The speaker is giving directions of where to go. *In front of you* tells a relationship of space. 3.L.6
15. D. The word *range* is used as a verb in the sentence. In context, it means “to vary.” 2.L.4.e
16. C. In context, the speaker is telling the distance the wireless network reaches. 2.L.4.e
17. D. The word *range* is spelled correctly in this sentence. 2.L.2.e, 3.L.2.g

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1. C. The non-literal phrase *singing a different tune* means “to change one’s mind.” 3.L.5.a
2. A. The prefix *re-* means “again.” *Rearrange* means “to arrange again.” 2.L.4.b
3. B. *Later* is a signal word indicating a time after what is happening now. 3.L.6
4. D. The phrase *donate to organizations* is a context clue. A canned food drive involves collecting canned food. 2.L.4.a
5. B. *House* and *home* have similar meanings. 3.L.5.c
6. A. The suffix *-less* means “without.” *Careless* means “without care.” 2.L.4.c
7. B. The words *warm*, *slowly*, *steaming*, and *fragrant* help to describe the scene. 2.L.6
8. D. *Afternoon* is made up of the words *after* and *noon*. It describes the part of the day after noon. 3.L.5.c
9. D. To avoid being late, the speaker would look at a small timepiece. 2.L.4.e
10. B. When you watch what you say, you are careful about the words you use. 2.L.4.e
11. A. If you watch the sun rise, you are looking at it with attention over a period of time. 2.L.4.e
12. D. A *dishwasher* is a machine that washes dishes. 2.L.4.d
13. C. In this context, the word *schedule* is a noun that means “the timetable of work shifts.” 2.L.4.a
14. C. The suffix *-ful* means “full of.” *Colorful* means “full of color.” 2.L.4.c
15. A. The prefix *pre-* means “before.” *Prepaid* means “paid before.” 2.L.4.b
16. D. The speaker is giving directions; *on the left* shows a relation of space. 3.L.6