

TABE
ELA-E
PAXEN

Unit-3
SENTENCES

Lesson-18
Simple and Compound

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ELA-E-18 Simple and Compound

Unit 3

Sentences

Lesson 18

Simple and Compound Sentences

2.L.1.f — High, 3.L.1.i — High

Two types of sentences are simple sentences and compound sentences. To understand the differences between simple and compound sentences, let's look at the building block of sentences: the clause. An **independent clause** is a group of words that includes a subject and verb and expresses a complete thought.

Simple Sentences A **simple sentence** has one independent clause. It may be short or long. It may have a compound subject or a compound verb.

Examples We went to the new store.

subject verb

Emma, Noah, and I went to the new store on Main Street last Saturday.
compound subject verb

We loved their products and bought many things.
subject compound verb

Compound Sentences A compound sentence includes two or more independent clauses that are combined with a coordinating conjunction. Coordinating conjunctions include *and*, *but*, *or*, *yet*, *so*, *for*, and *nor*.

Example Emma, Noah, and I went to the new store, and we bought many things.
independent clause independent clause

Test Example

1. Which sentence is a compound sentence?

- A. My vacation starts tomorrow, and I'm so excited.
- B. I am going to Utah for the first time next week.
- C. My uncle moved there last year.
- D. We will spend a lot of time outside.

A. The coordinating conjunction *and* joins two independent clauses.
Clause 1: My vacation starts tomorrow. Clause 2: I'm so excited.

ELA-E-18 Simple and Compound

Practice

- 1 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. The order was placed on Wednesday, but the delivery was delayed.
 - B. The delivery truck will arrive this evening.
 - C. Items will be sorted, and dairy products will be stored in the coolers.
 - D. Items will be restocked tonight, so shelves will be full tomorrow.
- 2 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. I went to the grocery store, but I forgot to buy some things.
 - B. This bag has ingredients for breakfast, lunch, and dinner.
 - C. We have enough for meals, yet we need some things for snacks.
 - D. I will go back to the store, and I will take a list this time.
- 3 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. My friend and I walked a long way today, but I'm still not tired.
 - B. I wore good shoes, and I am in good shape.
 - C. We walked all the way to the new taco place on Western Avenue.
 - D. I had chicken tacos, and my friend had steak tacos.
- 4 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. New York City is the biggest city in the U.S., yet it is not a state capital.
 - B. I have visited ten state capitals, but I plan to visit all of them at some point.
 - C. Next year I will visit Springfield, Illinois, and Madison, Wisconsin.
 - D. I live in New Mexico, so I have been to Santa Fe many times.
- 5 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. Monica makes custom cakes.
 - B. Her cakes are beautiful and delicious.
 - C. Would you like to order one of her cakes?
 - D. You can fill out an order form online, or you can stop by the bakery.
- 6 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. I moved to one of the coldest parts of the United States last year.
 - B. I have met some great people here, but I hate the weather in the winter.
 - C. I do not enjoy winter activities at all.
 - D. I will move somewhere warmer soon.
- 7 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. My new hobby is painting model planes.
 - B. I used to paint models as a child, and I still enjoy it.
 - C. I spend a lot of quiet time in my workshop.
 - D. My workshop has plenty of space for all of my supplies.
- 8 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. My friends and I have camped at several national parks, including Yellowstone.
 - B. We pitch tents, build campfires, and cook outdoors.
 - C. Hiking is one of our favorite activities, but stargazing is always fun too.
 - D. Away from city lights, we can see so many more stars in the night sky.

ELA-E-18 Simple and Compound

Unit 3 Sentences

Practice 18 Simple and Compound Sentences

2.L.1.f – High, 3.L.1.i – High

- 1 Which of these is a simple sentence?
 - A. Marty and I volunteered for the presentation.
 - B. Marty was confident, but I was worried.
 - C. We worked hard all morning, and we finished in time.
 - D. We got helpful feedback, and Marty said, "Well done!"
- 2 Which of these is a compound sentence?
 - A. Lauren grows flowers and herbs on her apartment balcony.
 - B. The plants grow in small pots, so they do not take much space.
 - C. She adds fresh herbs to her meals.
 - D. Fresh herbs add more flavor than dried herbs.
- 3 Which of these is a simple sentence?
 - A. Michaela does a lot of research.
 - B. She goes to the library, and she views the catalog.
 - C. She finds information online, and she checks out books.
 - D. The library is quiet, so she likes it.
- 4 Which of these is a compound sentence?
 - A. John wants a job with good benefits.
 - B. He explores different options, and he chooses nursing.
 - C. He signs up for nursing classes.
 - D. He should graduate from the nursing program in two years.
- 5 Which of these is a compound sentence?
 - A. Arturo loves soccer, and he has coached before.
 - B. He contacted the director of a local sports program.
 - C. The former soccer coach had just retired.
 - D. Arturo was hired to coach the team for the fall term.
- 6 Which of these is a compound sentence?
 - A. Morris got lost on his way to the concert yesterday.
 - B. The concert hall was on the other side of town.
 - C. There was construction, so his directions were wrong.
 - D. He was late to the concert and missed the opening act.
- 7 Which of these is a simple sentence?
 - A. I often lose track of time, so I am often late.
 - B. I tried something new, but I made a mistake.
 - C. I set my alarm clock, but it did not work.
 - D. I had set the alarm for a.m. rather than p.m.

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- 8 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. I bought a new desk for my office last week.
 - B. An important part was missing.
 - C. I called the company, but they did not answer.
 - D. I sent an email to the company instead.
- 9 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. I can sew different kinds of clothing, and I can also alter clothing.
 - B. I made a blouse for my cousin, and I hemmed her pants.
 - C. She thanked me, and she recommended me to friends.
 - D. Many of her friends called me and asked about projects.
- 10 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. Homero makes delicious jam.
 - B. He sells it at the farmers' market and at a local store.
 - C. You can buy it there, or you can order it online.
 - D. It is delicious on wheat toast.
- 11 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. Bruce's bicycle got a flat tire on the way to work.
 - B. He bought a bicycle pump, and he put air in the tire.
 - C. The chain broke the next day, and he fixed it easily.
 - D. He is not a bicycle mechanic, but he can fix most things.
- 12 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. Lee orders supplies for the office.
 - B. Workers run out of paper, pens, and clips.
 - C. He makes a list of what they need.
 - D. He is very efficient, and they thank him.
- 13 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. A well-written and strong résumé is important.
 - B. It shows work experience, and it lists skills.
 - C. Cecil wrote a good résumé, and he submitted it for a job.
 - D. The employer liked him, and she invited him to an interview.
- 14 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. Some students take entrance exams.
 - B. Tutors like Bob and Liz can help them.
 - C. They make the students feel comfortable.
 - D. Some students relax, but others are anxious.
- 15 Which of these is a simple sentence?
- A. Shari works in a warehouse, and she started a recycling program.
 - B. Her coworkers liked the idea, and they helped her organize it.
 - C. They contacted the recycling center for information and pricing.
 - D. The staff now recycles paper, and they recycle aluminum, too.
- 16 Which of these is a compound sentence?
- A. Margo plays video games with her friends.
 - B. She likes strategy games and adventure games.
 - C. She is designing her own video game and will release it next year.
 - D. She has a good imagination, and she has strong technical skills.

ELA-E-18 Simple and Compound

Lesson 18

Simple and Compound Sentences

(2.L.1.f, 3.L.1.i)

1. B. The sentence has one independent clause.
2. B. The sentence has one independent clause.
3. C. The sentence has one independent clause.
4. C. The sentence has one independent clause.
5. D. The sentence has two independent clauses: *You can fill out an order form online and you can stop by the bakery.*
6. B. The sentence has two independent clauses: *I have met some great people here and I hate the weather in the winter.*
7. B. The sentence has two independent clauses: *I used to paint models as a child and I still enjoy it.* They are joined with the conjunction *and*.
8. C. The two independent clauses are *Hiking is one of our favorite activities and stargazing is always fun too.*

ELA-E-18 Simple and Compound

Practice 18

Simple and Compound Sentences

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(2.L.1.f, 3.L.1.i)

1. A. The simple sentence has one independent clause. *Marty and I* is the subject. *Volunteered* is the verb.
2. B. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *so*. *Plants* is the subject and *grow* is the verb of the first clause. *They* is the subject and *do take* is the verb of the second clause.
3. A. The simple sentence has one independent clause. *Michaela* is the subject. *Does* is the verb.
4. B. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *and*. *He* is the subject and *explores* is the verb of the first clause. *He* is the subject and *chooses* is the verb of the second clause.
5. A. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *and*. *Arturo* is the subject and *loves* is the verb of the first clause. *He* is the subject and *has coached* is the verb of the second clause.
6. C. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *so*. *There* is the subject and *was* is the verb of the first clause. *Directions* is the subject and *were* is the verb of the second clause.
7. D. The simple sentence has one independent clause. *I* is the subject. *Had set* is the verb.
8. C. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *but*. *I* is the subject and *called* is the verb of the first clause. *They* is the subject and *did answer* is the verb of the second clause.
9. D. The simple sentence has one independent clause with a compound verb. *Many* is the subject. *Called* and *asked* are the verbs.
10. C. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *or*. *You* is the subject and *can buy* is the verb of the first clause. *You* is the subject and *can order* is the verb of the second clause.
11. A. The simple sentence has one independent clause. *Bicycle* is the subject. *Got* is the verb.
12. D. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *and*. *He* is the subject and *is* is the verb of the first clause. *They* is the subject and *thank* is the verb of the second clause.
13. A. The simple sentence has one independent clause. *Résumé* is the subject. *Is* is the verb.
14. D. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *but*. *Students* is the subject and *relax* is the verb of the first clause. *Others* is the subject and *are* is the verb of the second clause.
15. C. The simple sentence has one independent clause. *They* is the subject. *Contacted* is the verb.
16. D. The compound sentence has two independent clauses joined by *and*. *She* is the subject and *has* is the verb of the first clause. *She* is the subject